## **Core Skills Analysis**

## **Science**

- Reed likely learned about the principles of force and motion through the hands-on experience of constructing and riding scooters. This activity can help him understand concepts like acceleration, friction, and momentum.
- By experimenting with different scooter designs, Reed may have gained insight into the basics of engineering and design. This hands-on approach can foster creativity and problem-solving skills.
- Through the process of trial and error in constructing the scooters, Reed could have developed an understanding of the scientific method and the importance of observation and data collection in conducting experiments.
- The activity also probably introduced Reed to concepts related to energy transfer and conversion as he explored how different materials and designs affected the scooters' speed and efficiency.

## Tips

For continued development after the science experiments with scooters, Reed can explore further by designing and testing more complex scooter models. Encouraging him to record his observations and results systematically can enhance his scientific thinking. Additionally, discussing the environmental impact of different scooter materials and technologies can broaden his understanding of sustainability in science and engineering.

## **Book Recommendations**

- <u>The Everything Kids' Science Experiments Book</u> by Tom Robinson: This book offers a variety of fun and easy science experiments for kids, including projects related to motion, energy, and hands-on engineering concepts.
- <u>Scooter Engineering</u> by Alex Kuskowski: A book full of scooter-themed engineering activities and experiments perfect for young learners interested in combining science with hands-on construction.
- <u>Science Experiments You Can Eat</u> by Vicki Cobb: With this book, Reed can explore a different side of science experiments involving edible materials, providing a unique and tasty approach to learning scientific principles.