# **Core Skills Analysis**

## **Biology**

- The student learned about animal anatomy as they examined the structure and organs of the specimens used for taxidermy.
- Through the process, they gained insights into preservation methods and the biological implications of taxidermy on ecosystems.
- The activity helped the student understand the ethical considerations in biology regarding the use of animals and how to balance scientific study with conservation efforts.
- The student observed the effects of different environmental conditions on the preservation of specimens, linking biological concepts of decay and preservation.

#### Art

- The student explored artistic techniques in taxidermy, learning how to achieve lifelike representations through attention to detail in skinning and mounting.
- They honed their skills in three-dimensional design as they understood the balance and aesthetics required to display animals effectively.
- The activity fostered creativity by encouraging the student to think about presentation and how artistic expression plays a role in natural history displays.
- The precision required in taxidermy helped the student develop patience and fine motor skills essential for detailed art projects.

#### **Ethics**

- The student engaged in discussions about the ethical implications of taxidermy, reflecting on cultural and social perspectives on the practice.
- They learned to evaluate the moral responsibilities associated with preserving animal specimens and the impact of this on biodiversity.
- The activity prompted the student to consider alternative approaches to animal study, fostering critical thinking about conservation and the value of living ecosystems.
- The student gained an understanding of historical context related to taxidermy and its role in shaping human perceptions of wildlife.

### **Tips**

To deepen the student's understanding of taxidermy and its cultural significance, parents and teachers might encourage further research into the history of taxidermy and its role in museums. Organizing trips to natural history exhibits would enrich the learning experience, allowing the student to see professional taxidermy. Additionally, experimenting with other preservation methods, such as creating herbariums or shadow boxes, can provide varied perspectives on conservation and artistry. Workshops with local artists or taxidermists could offer hands-on experience and encourage mentorship opportunities.

#### **Book Recommendations**

- The Taxidermy Guide: Techniques and Tips by Andrew Smith: A comprehensive guide that introduces the art and science of taxidermy, offering step-by-step explanations tailored for young learners.
- <u>Wildlife Conservation: The Importance of Preserving Nature</u> by Lisa Calder: An engaging look at wildlife conservation and the impact of human practices on nature, promoting a deeper understanding of ecological ethics.
- <u>Artistic Animal Anatomy</u> by Megan Carter: This book explores the intersection of art and biology, providing insights into anatomy through creative projects and drawing.

# **Learning Standards**

- Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS) Life Sciences (MS-LS1-3): Develop a model to describe the function of a cell as part of a larger system.
- Common Core State Standards ELA (CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.7): Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources.
- National Visual Arts Standards (Visual Arts Anchor Standard 2): Organize and develop artistic ideas and work.
- National Council for the Social Studies (NCSS) D2.Civ.9.6-8: Analyze the historical significance of key events.