

## Core Skills Analysis

### Science

- Explored basic scientific principles through edible materials, allowing hands-on experimentation with familiar substances.
- Learned about chemical changes by observing how ingredients combine and react when mixed or heated.
- Developed an understanding of states of matter and physical transformations during cooking or mixing processes.
- Explored sensory observation skills such as taste, texture, temperature, and color changes to support hypothesis and conclusions.

### Tips

To deepen understanding of edible science, try encouraging the student to predict what will happen before combining ingredients, fostering critical thinking and scientific reasoning. Incorporate simple cooking experiments that explore concepts like dissolving, emulsification, or fermentation to bring science to life in the kitchen. Additionally, use visual journaling to document changes during each step of the edible experiments, which helps connect observation with scientific concepts. Finally, extend learning by discussing the nutritional science behind the ingredients used, linking edible science experiments to health and biology.

### Book Recommendations

- [Edible Science: Experiments You Can Eat](#) by Jodi Wheeler-Toppen: A fun, hands-on guide for kids to learn science concepts through edible experiments, featuring easy recipes and clear scientific explanations.
- [Science Experiments on the Go: Skin and Bones](#) by Judy Dashnaw: This book includes simple, edible experiments related to body science, encouraging kids to observe how everyday foods connect to science topics.
- [The Science Chef: 100 Fun Food Experiments and Recipes for Kids](#) by Joanne O'Connor: Combines cooking with science experiments, helping young learners explore chemistry and physics through food activities.

### Learning Standards

- NGSS 2-PS1-1: Plan and conduct an investigation to describe and classify different kinds of materials by their observable properties.
- NGSS 2-PS1-4: Construct an argument with evidence that some changes caused by heating or cooling can be reversed and some cannot.
- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.2.3: Describe the connection between a series of scientific ideas or concepts.

### Try This Next

- Create a worksheet that asks the student to document observations and hypotheses for each edible experiment step, including any changes in texture, color, or temperature.
- Design a quiz with questions about why certain ingredients change during cooking (e.g., why does bread rise?) and the scientific principles behind these transformations.

### Growth Beyond Academics

This activity encourages curiosity and perseverance as the student experiments with edible materials, managing the trial-and-error process typical in scientific discovery. There is also potential for building confidence through hands-on success and sensory exploration, fostering independence

and joyful learning.