

## Objective

By the end of this lesson, the student will be able to describe common forms of energy and explore the characteristics of sound in the physical world.

## Materials and Prep

- Paper and pen/pencil
- Access to a computer or mobile device with internet
- No prior knowledge or materials required

## Activities

### 1. Energy Scavenger Hunt:

Ask the student to go around the house or their surroundings and identify different forms of energy. Have them make a list or draw pictures of what they find. Encourage them to think beyond the obvious (e.g., sunlight, electricity) and consider less apparent forms of energy (e.g., thermal energy, kinetic energy).

### 2. Sound Wave Experiment:

Guide the student to conduct a simple experiment to explore the characteristics of sound waves. Have them fill a glass with different levels of water and use a spoon to tap the glass at each water level. Ask them to observe and describe how the sound changes with the water level. Discuss concepts such as pitch and volume.

### 3. Virtual Field Trip:

Take the student on a virtual field trip to a science museum or an online resource that showcases interactive exhibits on energy and sound. Have them explore different exhibits, read information, and engage with any interactive elements. Encourage them to take notes or jot down interesting facts.

## Talking Points

- "Energy is all around us and comes in various forms. Can you think of any examples of energy?"
- "Sound is a type of energy that travels in waves. How would you describe the characteristics of sound waves?"
- "During the Energy Scavenger Hunt, what forms of energy did you find? Were there any surprises?"
- "In the Sound Wave Experiment, what did you notice about the sound as the water level changed? How do you think it relates to the characteristics of sound waves?"
- "What interesting facts or exhibits did you come across during the virtual field trip? How did they deepen your understanding of energy and sound?"