Objective

By the end of this lesson, you will be able to interpret information from data displays.

Materials and Prep

- Paper
- Pencil
- Ruler

No prior knowledge is required for this lesson.

Activities

- Create a Bar Graph: Collect data on your favorite colors from your family members. Use the
 collected data to create a bar graph. Remember to label the axes and provide a title for your
 graph.
- Analyze a Line Graph: Look for a line graph in a newspaper or magazine article. Analyze the graph and write a short paragraph explaining what the graph is representing and any trends or patterns you notice.
- Design a Pie Chart: Choose a topic that interests you, such as types of pets or favorite sports. Collect data from your friends or online sources and create a pie chart to represent the data. Remember to label each section of the chart.

Talking Points

- What are data displays? Data displays are visual representations of information or data. They help us understand and interpret data more easily.
- Why do we use bar graphs? Bar graphs are useful for comparing different categories or groups of data. They make it easy to see which category has the highest or lowest value.
- **How do we interpret line graphs?** Line graphs show how data changes over time. We can look for trends or patterns in the line to understand how the data is changing.
- What are pie charts used for? Pie charts are used to show how a whole is divided into
 different parts or categories. Each section of the pie represents a percentage or proportion of
 the total.
- Why is it important to label data displays? Labels help us understand what the data represents. Without labels, the information may be confusing or misleading.