Lesson Plan: 1st Grade Addition and counting to 100 Objective: Students will be able to solve simple addition problems and addition word problems using manipulatives, visual representations, and number sentences. Materials: Counters (e.g., small toys, buttons) Whiteboard or projector Markers Addition worksheets (included below) Picture cards with single addition scenarios (optional) Procedure: Warm-up (5 minutes): Review counting: Quickly review counting from 1 to 20, emphasizing the sequence. Quick addition facts: Flash a few simple addition problems (e.g., 2 + 1, 3 + 2) and have students call out the answers. Introduction (10 minutes): Manipulative activity: Place 3 counters on the table, then add 2 more. Ask-stadents how many coenters are therean total (S): Repeat with different combinations of lems obunters: encouraging students to opena and explain their thinking. Visual representation: Deaw a picture on the loard showing 2 apples and then add 1 more apple. Ask students to write the number sentence (2 + 1 = 3) to represent the picture. Introduce "addition" vocabulary: Explain that "adding" means putting together, and the "+" sign represents adding. Guided Practice (15 minutes): Addition sentences: Write a few addition sentences on the board (e.g., 4 + 1 =1.2 • C = Rend have soldents solve them using counters or by drawing pictures. Word problems with visuals: Show picture cards with simple addition scenarios (e.g., "There are 2 birds on a branch, 1 more bird flies to join them. How many birds are there now?"). Guide students to write the number sentence and solve the problem. Independent Practice (15 minutes): Addition worksheets: Distribute the provided worksheets with various addition problems and word problems. Encourage students to use counters or drawing to solve the problems if needed. Closure (5 minutes): Review Rey points: Ask students to share a few addition problems they solved on the worksheet and explain how they got the aniswen. Reinforce vocabulary: Record the meaning of "add," "plus," and "all together." Differentiation: For struggling students. Provide more bands on activities with manipulatives, use simpler addition problems, and offer extra support with reading word problems. For advanced students: Introduce larger numbers, challenge students to create their own word problems, or have them practice writing addition facts with the commutative property (e.g., 2 +  $3 \subseteq 3 \vee 1$   $\mathbb{N}$  ion Worksheets: Basic Addition: 2 + 1 = 3 + 2 = 1 + 4 = 5 + 0 = Word Problems: "There are 3 dogs playing in the park. 2 more dogs come to join them. How many dogs are playing now?" "Lily has 4 cookies. Her friend gives her 1 more cookie. How many cookies does Lily have now?" Note: Remember to adjust the difficulty level of the worksheets based on your students' abilities and progress. / Lesson Planner / LearningCorner.cgp Dalton warm up

his brain for addition!

- **Manipulative Activity:** Use counters to explore addition. Place 3 counters on the table, then add 2 more. Ask Dalton how many he has in total. Repeat with different combinations to help him visualize the addition process.
- **Visual Representation:** Draw pictures on the board, like apples or birds, and ask Dalton to write the number sentences that go with them. This will connect visuals to numbers!
- Word Problems: Use picture cards to present simple addition scenarios. Help Dalton understand how to turn these scenarios into number sentences and solve them.
- **Independent Practice:** Provide Dalton with addition worksheets to complete on his own. Encourage him to use counters or draw pictures if he needs help solving the problems.
- **Closure Review:** At the end, ask Dalton to share some of the problems he solved and explain how he got the answers. This will reinforce his understanding!

## **Talking Points**

- "Let's count together from 1 to 20! Can you help me?"
- "If I have 3 counters and I add 2 more, how many do I have? Let's count them together!"
- "Look at this picture of apples! If I have 2 apples and add 1 more, how many do I have? Can you write the number sentence for me?"
- "What do you think this picture card is telling us? How can we turn it into a math problem?"
- "Great job on your worksheet! Can you show me one of the problems you solved? How did you figure it out?"
- "Remember, when we add, we are putting things together! The '+' sign means we are adding. Can you say that with me?"