# **Objective**

By the end of this lesson, the student will understand the basic concepts of electricity, including how it flows, the difference between conductors and insulators, and simple circuits. The student will also create a basic circuit using materials they have at home.

# **Materials and Prep**

- Pencil and paper for notes and drawings
- Aluminum foil (to create conductors)
- Plastic straws (to use as insulators)
- Small batteries (like AA or AAA)
- LED light (if available, or any small light bulb)
- Scissors (for cutting foil and straws)

Before the lesson, ensure that the student understands basic safety rules when working with batteries and electrical components. Discuss the importance of not connecting batteries inappropriately.

## **Activities**

### • Electricity Basics Discussion:

Start with a discussion about what electricity is. Ask the student what they already know and share interesting facts about electricity, such as how it powers our homes and devices.

#### • Conductor vs. Insulator Experiment:

Using aluminum foil and plastic straws, have the student test which materials conduct electricity and which do not. Set up a simple circuit with the battery and LED light to see if the light turns on when using different materials.

#### • Build Your Own Circuit:

Challenge the student to create their own circuit using the materials provided. They can experiment with different configurations and see how the circuit works. Encourage them to draw their circuit diagram on paper.

#### Reflection and Sharing:

Have the student reflect on what they learned and share their circuit design and findings. This could be in the form of a short presentation or a written summary.

# **Talking Points**

- "Electricity is a form of energy that can power things like lights and machines. It travels through wires, much like water flows through pipes!"
- "Do you know the difference between a conductor and an insulator? Conductors let electricity flow through them, while insulators block it. For example, metal is a conductor, and rubber is an insulator!"
- "When we create a circuit, we are making a path for electricity to flow. If the path is broken, like when a light bulb burns out, the electricity can't flow anymore!"
- "What happens when you connect two different materials in a circuit? Let's find out by testing them! This is a fun way to learn about how electricity works!"

- "Drawing your circuit design helps you understand how it works. It's like making a map for electricity!"
- "Remember, safety is important! Always be careful when working with batteries and electrical components. Never connect them in a way that could cause a short circuit!"