Welcome, Super Scientist, to the World of Changes!

Today, we're going on an exciting adventure to explore how things around us transform. Some changes are like a quick costume swap, while others are like a complete character makeover! We'll become kitchen chemists and change detectives to figure out the difference between **Physical Changes** and **Chemical Changes**. Get ready to experiment and observe!

Activity 1: The Case of the Shape-Shifters (Physical Changes)

Physical changes alter the form or appearance of a substance, but not its chemical identity. The substance is still the same stuff, just looking different! Think of it like water: it can be liquid, solid (ice), or gas (steam), but it's always H₂O.

Your Missions (Perform these experiments):

- **Mission Ice Melt:** Place an ice cube on a plate. Observe what happens. Is it still water? Can you get the ice back? (Hint: Freezer!)
- **Mission Sugar Dissolve:** Add a spoonful of sugar to a glass of water and stir. Where did the sugar go? Taste the water (use a clean spoon!). Can you imagine how you might get the sugar back? (Hint: Evaporation, though we won't do that now).
- **Mission Paper Tear:** Take a piece of paper. Tear it into smaller pieces. Is it still paper? Are the pieces chemically different from the original sheet?

Clues for Physical Changes:

- Change in state (solid, liquid, gas)
- Change in shape or size
- Dissolving
- Usually reversible
- No new substances are formed.

Activity 2: The Mystery of the New Substances (Chemical Changes)

Chemical changes, also known as chemical reactions, result in the formation of one or more NEW substances with different properties. These changes are often harder to reverse. It's like baking a cake – you can't easily unbake it to get back your flour, eggs, and sugar in their original forms!

Your Missions (Perform these experiments with care, and adult supervision for the candle):

- **Mission Fizzy Reaction:** In a clear glass, mix a spoonful of baking soda with a little vinegar OR drop an effervescent tablet into water. What do you see? Hear? Feel (carefully, near the glass, not touching the mixture directly if it's vigorous)?
- Mission Candle Flame (ADULT SUPERVISION REQUIRED): Light a candle. Observe the wax near the flame. What happens to the wick? Do you see smoke (a new substance)? Is light and heat produced? Safety first: Keep flammable materials away. Extinguish properly.
- Mission Lemon Juice & Milk (Optional): Add a few drops of lemon juice to a small amount of milk and stir. Let it sit for a few minutes. What changes do you observe? (This might show curdling, a new substance forming).

Clues for Chemical Changes (The 5 Signs):

- Gas Production: Bubbles, fizzing.
- Unexpected Color Change: A distinct change in color not due to simple mixing.
- **Temperature Change:** Gets hotter (exothermic) or colder (endothermic) on its own without external heating/cooling.

- **Precipitate Formation:** A solid forms from the mixing of solutions.
- Light or Odor Emission: Light is produced, or a new, distinct smell is created.
- A new substance is always formed!
- · Often difficult to reverse.

Activity 3: The Great Change Investigation! (Your Creative Challenge)

Now it's your turn to be the lead investigator or a creative chemist!

Option 1: Kitchen Lab Experiment Design

Using any of the household materials provided (or others you can safely access with permission), design and demonstrate ONE new experiment that clearly shows EITHER a physical change OR a chemical change.

- Write down your procedure (steps).
- Predict what will happen and why it's that type of change.
- Perform your experiment (safely!).
- Explain your observations and whether your prediction was correct. What clues told you the type of change?

Option 2: The Change Story

Imagine you are a brave water molecule (H_2O) or a carbon atom. Write a short story (at least half a page) describing your journey as you undergo one significant physical change AND one significant chemical change. Describe what it feels like, what you observe, and how you transform. Be creative and scientifically accurate!

Wrap-up & Assessment: What Did We Discover?

Let's talk about what you learned!

- Can you explain the main difference between a physical change and a chemical change in your own words?
- Give two examples of physical changes you observed or performed today.
- Give two examples of chemical changes, and list the clues (signs) that helped you identify them
- Share your "Great Change Investigation" experiment or story. We'll discuss the science behind it!

Super Scientist Extension (Optional):

Research one of these real-world changes and decide if it's primarily physical or chemical, and why: rusting of iron, photosynthesis in plants, freezing of a lake, baking bread, digesting food. Prepare a brief explanation.

Great job today, scientist! You've expertly navigated the fascinating world of physical and chemical changes!