Objective

By the end of this lesson, you will have a basic understanding of World War One and its significance in history.

Materials and Prep

- Pen and paper
- Internet access or books about World War One
- Quiet study space

Activities

- 1. Research: Start by researching about World War One using the internet or books. Take notes on important facts, key events, and major countries involved.
- 2. Timeline Creation: Create a timeline of the major events of World War One. Include the causes of the war, key battles, and the end of the war. Use your notes to help you organize the timeline.
- 3. Map Activity: Locate the countries involved in World War One on a map. Identify the major alliances and fronts during the war. Discuss how the war affected different regions.
- Primary Source Analysis: Read and analyze primary sources such as letters, diaries, or newspaper articles from individuals who lived during World War One. Discuss their experiences and perspectives.
- 5. Reflection and Discussion: Reflect on what you have learned about World War One. Discuss the causes, consequences, and lessons learned from the war. Consider its impact on society and the world today.

Sixth Grade Talking Points

- "World War One, also known as the Great War, was a global conflict that took place from 1914 to 1918."
- "The war was primarily fought between two major alliances: the Allies (including countries like France, Britain, and Russia) and the Central Powers (including Germany, Austria-Hungary, and the Ottoman Empire)."
- "The war was triggered by a combination of factors, including militarism, nationalism, imperialism, and the assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand of Austria-Hungary."
- "Trench warfare was a significant feature of World War One, with soldiers living and fighting in complex networks of trenches."
- "The war resulted in millions of casualties and had a profound impact on the world, leading to political and social changes, the collapse of empires, and the redrawing of national borders."
- "The Treaty of Versailles, signed in 1919, officially ended World War One. It imposed harsh terms on Germany and laid the groundwork for future conflicts."