# **Vet Tech Training: Canine Anatomy 101!**

Welcome, future Veterinary Technician! Today, we're diving into the amazing world of canine anatomy. Understanding how a dog's body is built is fundamental to keeping them healthy and happy. Let's get started!

### **Materials Needed:**

- Computer with internet access
- Notebook or paper
- Pencils, pens, colored pencils/markers
- (Optional but helpful) Access to a friendly dog for observation (with supervision!)
- (Optional) Printer for diagrams

## **Activity 1: External Body Tour**

Just like mechanics know car parts, vet techs need to know animal parts! Let's start with the outside.

- 1. Using online resources (search for 'dog external anatomy diagram'), find a labeled diagram of a dog.
- 2. In your notebook, draw a simple outline of a dog.
- 3. Label the following parts: Muzzle, Stop, Forehead, Ear (Pinna), Nape (Neck), Withers (Shoulders), Back, Loin, Croup (Rump), Tail, Chest, Abdomen, Flank, Stifle (Knee), Hock (Ankle), Paw, Foreleg, Elbow.
- 4. (Optional) If you have a dog safely available, gently point to these parts on the dog. Notice the differences between breeds if you can observe more than one!

## Activity 2: What's Inside? Skeletal & Digestive Systems

Now let's think about what holds a dog up and how they process food.

#### **Skeletal System: The Framework**

Search online for 'dog skeleton diagram'.

- What are the main jobs of the skeleton? (Support, protection, movement).
- Look at the diagram. Can you identify the skull, spine (vertebrae), ribs, femur (thigh bone), and humerus (upper arm bone)? Note these in your notebook.
- Think: How does the skeleton protect important organs like the brain, heart, and lungs?

#### **Digestive System: Fueling Up!**

Search online for 'dog digestive system diagram' and 'dog digestive process'.

- Trace the path food takes: Mouth -> Esophagus -> Stomach -> Small Intestine -> Large Intestine -> Rectum/Anus. Draw a simple flow chart.
- What is the main job of the stomach? (Breaks down food). What about the intestines? (Absorb nutrients).
- Dogs are primarily carnivores. Research what this means for their teeth and digestive tract compared to an herbivore (like a cow or rabbit). Write down 2-3 key differences.

### **Activity 3: Why Does a Vet Tech Care?**

Knowing anatomy isn't just for trivia! Think and write down answers to these questions:

- How would knowing external landmarks help a vet tech communicate with a veterinarian about a lump or wound location?
- Why is understanding the skeletal system important when taking X-rays?
- How might knowledge of the digestive system help a vet tech understand why a dog is vomiting or has diarrhea?
- When assisting in surgery, why MUST a vet tech know the locations of organs and blood vessels?

## Wrap-up & Review

Great job today! You've taken your first steps into canine anatomy. Briefly review your notes. Can you explain to someone else the basic function of the dog's skeleton and digestive system? Can you name 5 external body parts without looking? Understanding anatomy is a key skill for any successful veterinary technician!