

# Symbiosis in Middle-earth: More Than Meets the Eye!

## Materials:

- Computer with internet access
- Notebook or paper
- Pens or pencils
- Optional: Lord of the Rings books or access to online wiki/lore resources

Hello! Today, we're exploring the fascinating world of symbiosis, which is how different living things interact with each other over long periods. Think about how different groups in Middle-earth live together, sometimes helping each other, sometimes ignoring each other, and sometimes harming each other. Real nature is very similar!

## What is Symbiosis?

Symbiosis means 'living together'. It describes a close and long-term interaction between two different biological species. There are three main types:

1. **Mutualism (+/+)**: Both species benefit from the relationship. Like trusty companions helping each other on a quest!
2. **Commensalism (+/0)**: One species benefits, and the other is neither helped nor harmed (unaffected). Imagine someone tagging along on an adventure without really helping or hindering.
3. **Parasitism (+/-)**: One species (the parasite) benefits at the expense of the other species (the host). Think of something draining the life or resources from another.

## Activity 1: Real-World Explorers

Let's be like knowledgeable Elves and research the real world! Find one example for each type of symbiosis:

- Research one example of Mutualism (e.g., bees and flowers, clownfish and sea anemones). Describe who benefits and how.
- Research one example of Commensalism (e.g., barnacles on a whale, cattle egrets and livestock). Describe who benefits and why the other is unaffected.
- Research one example of Parasitism (e.g., ticks on a deer, tapeworms in an animal). Describe who benefits and who is harmed, and how.

Write down your findings in your notebook.

## Activity 2: Middle-earth Connections (Creative Thinking!)

Now, let's use our imagination! While Middle-earth isn't a biology textbook, we can think about how relationships *might* fit these categories if they were real biological interactions. This is just for fun and to help us understand the concepts!

- **Mutualism?** Could the relationship between Orcs and Wargs be seen as mutualistic? The Orcs get mounts and allies in battle, and perhaps the Wargs get food or protection? Discuss why or why not. Can you think of others? Maybe Hobbits and the Shire's fertile land?
- **Commensalism?** What about the Eagles sometimes helping Gandalf or the Dwarves? The Eagles fly anyway, and helping doesn't seem to cost them much, while the rescued party

greatly benefits. Could this be like commensalism? Or is it more complex?

- **Parasitism?** Think about Shelob. She feeds on creatures, including Orcs and perhaps Gollum (who brought her 'food'). Is this a form of parasitism or predation? How does Gollum's relationship with the Ring itself feel? Does the Ring 'feed' on its bearer while giving them longer life? Discuss these ideas.

### Discussion & Wrap-up

Talk about the examples you found. How are the real-world examples similar to or different from the Middle-earth ideas we brainstormed? Remember, the Middle-earth examples are analogies to help us learn, not strict biological facts!

Today we learned about the three types of symbiosis: mutualism, commensalism, and parasitism. These relationships shape ecosystems everywhere, from the smallest bacteria to the largest animals... and maybe even in the fantastical realms of Middle-earth!