

## Instructions

Complete the timeline by filling in the blanks with the correct events and leaders. Write your answers in the spaces provided. 1. The \_\_\_\_\_ (leader's name) became Chancellor of Germany in 1933 and began implementing aggressive policies.

(Event Title: Rise of Adolf Hitler to Power)

Year: \_\_\_\_\_ 2. In 1935, Germany \_\_\_\_\_ the Treaty of Versailles by remilitarizing the Rhineland.

(Event Title: Remilitarization of the Rhineland)

Year: 1935 3. The policy of giving in to Germany's demands to avoid war is called \_\_\_\_\_. This policy was used by Britain and France during the 1930s.

(Event Title: Policy of Appeasement)

Year: 1930s 4. In 1937, Japan invaded \_\_\_\_\_, leading to the Second Sino-Japanese War.

(Event Title: Invasion of China)

Year: 1937 5. Germany annexed Austria in 1938 in an event known as the \_\_\_\_\_.

(Event Title: Anschluss)

Year: 1938 6. The Munich Agreement in 1938 allowed Germany to take control of the \_\_\_\_\_ in Czechoslovakia.

(Event Title: Munich Agreement)

Year: 1938 7. In 1939, Germany and the Soviet Union signed a secret pact known as the \_\_\_\_\_ Pact, agreeing not to fight each other.

(Event Title: Molotov-Ribbentrop Pact)

Year: 1939 8. Germany invaded \_\_\_\_\_ in September 1939, which is considered the start of World War II.

(Event Title: Invasion of Poland)

Year: 1939

## Matching Section

Match the following events to the correct date:

Rise of Adolf Hitler to Power

Invasion of Poland

Molotov-Ribbentrop Pact